

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI

Phoenix Entertainment Partners, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

Kwench, LLC d/b/a Just John Nightclub,
RJ International, Inc. d/b/a RJ
Entertainment and Roman Ramos,

Defendants.

Case No. 4:17-cv-1213

COMPLAINT

The Plaintiff, Phoenix Entertainment Partners, LLC (“Phoenix”), by its counsel,
complains of the Defendants, and for its Complaint alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION OF THE COURT

1. This is an action for trademark infringement and for related state-law claims in which the Defendants stand accused of using Phoenix’s federally registered service marks without authorization in the course of providing commercial karaoke entertainment services and related ancillary services.

2. This action arises under §§ 32 and 43 of the Trademark Act of 1946, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114 and 1125, as amended. This Court has exclusive jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, in that this is a civil action arising under the laws of the United States.

3. This Court further has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a), in that this civil action arises under acts of Congress relating to trademarks, and, as to the Plaintiff’s federal

1 unfair competition claim, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1338(b), in that the claim is joined with a
2 substantial and related claim under the trademark laws of the United States.

3 4. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the subject matter of Phoenix's
4 state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a), in that the claims are so related to Phoenix's
5 federal claims that they form part of the same case or controversy.

6 5. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), because
7 the Defendants reside in this State and judicial district or a substantial part of the events or
8 omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this judicial district.

9 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over each of the Defendants, based upon the
10 Defendants' residence in this State and judicial district and conduct of significant business here,
11 and in that the acts of which the Defendants stand accused were undertaken in this State and
12 judicial district.
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14
15 **THE PLAINTIFF**

16 7. Phoenix is a North Carolina limited liability company having its principal place
17 of business in Pineville, North Carolina.
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19
20 **THE DEFENDANTS**

21 8. Defendant, RJ International, Inc. ("RJ"), is an Illinois corporation which operates
22 a mobile entertainment business under the trade name RJ Entertainment, at least one purpose of
23 which is to provide karaoke-related services.

24 9. Defendant, Roman Ramos ("Ramos"), is an Illinois resident, who is associated
25 with RJ International, Inc. and operates the equipment and provides karaoke-related services for
26 RJ International, Inc.
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10. Defendant, Kwench LLC (“Kwench”), is a Missouri limited liability company that operates an eating and drinking establishment under the trade name Just John Nightclub in St. Louis, Missouri, at which karaoke entertainment services are provided.

BACKGROUND FACTS

11. Karaoke is a popular form of participatory entertainment commonly found in bars and restaurants and other types of venues throughout the United States.

12. The basic premise of a karaoke show is that the venue hosting the show provides patrons with access to a sound system and specially prepared karaoke accompaniment tracks, so that individual patrons may perform for the crowd.

13. Generally, a “karaoke accompaniment track” is an audiovisual work comprising a re-recorded version of a popular song without the lead vocals synchronized to a graphical component containing a lyric display, cueing information, and other information.

14. When a karaoke accompaniment track is publicly performed, the graphical component is displayed to the patron who is performing and may be displayed to the crowd as well.

15. Venues that offer karaoke entertainment, including Kwench, do so as part of a commercial transaction wherein the venues supply their patrons with karaoke entertainment services in exchange for their patronage of the establishment and the purchase of food and beverages.

16. The purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages in connection with karaoke shows is particularly encouraged to enable patrons to overcome inhibitions against singing in public.

17. Most venues that offer karaoke entertainment, including Kwench, hire mobile entertainment operators, such as RJ and Ramos, to provide the karaoke entertainment services

1 on the venues' behalf.

2 18. Phoenix is the owner of SOUND CHOICE, a leading brand of karaoke
3 accompaniment tracks that is particularly well known to commercial karaoke operations
4 including bars, restaurants, and other venues as described above.

5 19. Phoenix also licenses the use of its SOUND CHOICE brand to commercial
6 karaoke operators and venues in connection with karaoke entertainment services.

7 20. Over the course of nearly three decades in business, Slep-Tone Entertainment
8 Corporation ("Slep-Tone"), Phoenix's predecessor-in-interest, re-recorded and released more
9 than 16,500 SOUND CHOICE-branded popular songs on special compact discs known as
10 CD+G ("compact disc plus graphics") discs and, more recently, a subset of that catalog in
11 another common karaoke format, MP3+G ("MP3 plus graphics") on compact discs.

12 21. SOUND CHOICE-branded karaoke tracks are wildly popular among karaoke
13 entertainment providers, patrons, and home consumers. According to some estimates, as
14 corroborated by investigative data, more than half of all accompaniment tracks played at
15 karaoke shows in the United States originated from Slep-Tone's recordings.

16 22. The popularity of SOUND CHOICE karaoke tracks derives from the market's
17 perception that the recordings are usually the most faithful to the sound of the original recording
18 artist and as providing the most accurate singing cues as part of the video display,
19 characteristics that are highly valued by karaoke singers.

20 23. Likewise, the association of the SOUND CHOICE brand with a mobile
21 entertainment operator's karaoke business and/or with a venue's karaoke entertainment
22 offerings confers on the operator and venue a perception in the marketplace—and among
23 karaoke patrons—of legitimacy and professionalism.

THE RIGHTS OF THE PLAINTIFF

24. Phoenix is the owner of the federal service mark registrations listed in Annex A hereto (“the Sound Choice Marks”), by virtue of an assignment instrument from Slep-Tone dated February 15, 2015.

25. Slep-Tone acquired its rights in the Sound Choice Marks by virtue of its registrations based on use of the marks in commerce in connection with the advertising and performance of karaoke entertainment services, either directly or by related companies that include hundreds of controlled licensees.

26. Phoenix is also the sole member of Sound Choice Entertainment, LLC, a Texas limited liability company (“SCE”) that is directly engaged in the business of providing karaoke entertainment services to venues in various locations around the United States.

27. Phoenix and its predecessor have, for the entire time the Sound Choice Marks have been federally registered, provided the public, including the Defendants, with notice of those federal registrations through the consistent application of the symbol ® to its marks in connection with services, when and where appropriate.

28. The Sound Choice Marks are indicators of Phoenix as the origin of karaoke entertainment services provided in connection with the Sound Choice Marks.

THE ACTIVITIES OF THE DEFENDANTS

A. The Defendants’ Use in Commerce of the Sound Choice Marks

29. Defendant Kwench hosts karaoke shows comprising karaoke entertainment services at their establishment.

30. Upon information and belief, Defendant Kwench contracted with third-party operators RJ and Ramos as its agents to supply karaoke entertainment services to Kwench's

1 patrons.

2 31. Upon information and belief, Defendants RJ, Ramos and Kwench advertised the
3 availability of karaoke entertainment services at Kwench's venue at specific times, in order to
4 inform potential patrons of the services and to encourage those potential patrons to visit
5 Kwench's venue at those times.

6 32. In order to supply karaoke entertainment services to a venue such as Kwench,
7 Defendants RJ and Ramos prepare and execute a karaoke show by acquiring, or acquiring
8 access to, appropriate sound equipment for playing karaoke accompaniment tracks; connecting
9 the sound equipment to a source for karaoke accompaniment tracks; causing selected karaoke
10 accompaniment tracks to be played over the sound equipment; controlling the organization and
11 flow of the performances; encouraging Kwench's patrons to purchase food and/or beverages and
12 tip their servers and acting as the on-microphone emcee of the show.

13 33. As Defendants RJ, Ramos and Kwench supplied Kwench's patrons with karaoke
14 entertainment services, the Defendants caused and/or permitted the Sound Choice Marks to be
15 displayed repeatedly and frequently in connection with the services.

16 34. The Sound Choice Marks as displayed in connection with those services are
17 identical to the marks for which Phoenix has obtained federal service mark registrations, for the
18 identical services for which those registrations were issued.

19 35. Because of the well-known association of the Sound Choice Marks with karaoke
20 entertainment services, the display of the Sound Choice Marks in connection with the services,
21 regardless of the particular song being played, acts as a general advertisement for the services as
22 well as an indicator of the quality of the services being provided.

23 36. Because of the frequent, repeated display of the Sound Choice Marks across
24 numerous instances of widely disparate songs, patrons who received karaoke entertainment
25 services from RJ, Ramos and Kwench are likely to view the display of the Sound Choice Marks

1 as an indicator of the affiliation, connection, or association of the Defendants with Phoenix, or
2 of Phoenix's sponsorship or approval of the services and related commercial activities, rather
3 than merely as indicating Phoenix as the creator of the underlying communicative content of
4 any particular song being performed.

5 37. The foregoing activities undertaken in connection with the Sound Choice Marks
6 were undertaken in derogation of Phoenix's rights in the Sound Choice Marks.

7 38. The foregoing activities were and are undertaken without any form of license,
8 permission, or acquiescence from Phoenix and without any legitimate basis upon which such
9 activities could be legally undertaken.

10 39. Defendant Kwench's patrons are likely to be confused regarding the origin or
11 sponsorship of the services being supplied and regarding the affiliation or connection of
12 Defendants RJ, Ramos and Kwench with Phoenix, based on their mistaken belief that the
13 services being provided are provided with Phoenix's knowledge and approval.

14 40. As a result of those activities, Phoenix has been damaged through the loss of
15 revenues associated with the sale of similar services or with a license to provide similar
16 services, as well as through the loss of Phoenix's ability to control the quality of services
17 provided in connection with the Sound Choice Marks.

18 41. The provision of the services as described above is an essential part of a
19 commercial transaction wherein the patrons purchase food and beverages and receive access to
20 the tracks and to the services in connection with their patronage, even if the patrons do not
21 directly pay for access to the tracks or the services.

22 42. When the karaoke shows are ongoing, the shows are generally the principal
23 entertainment focus of Defendant Kwench's establishment.

24 43. Defendant Kwench derives value from the karaoke shows in the form of
25 increased patronage and increased sales of food and beverages.

1 44. Upon information and belief, Defendant Kwench has advertised the availability
2 of karaoke shows on its premises, via its own advertising apparatus and as an activity
3 attributable to its business, rather than as adjunct or auxiliary to its businesses.

4 45. Defendant Kwench has had actual knowledge of the foregoing activities being
5 undertaken at its establishment.

6 46. Specifically, Defendant Kwench was notified by Phoenix by a letter dated
7 October 20, 2016, of the unlicensed, infringing character of the karaoke entertainment services
8 being provided in its establishment.

9 47. In the letter, Defendant Kwench was offered information about licensing and
10 compliance programs that Phoenix offers to venues that feature karaoke entertainment, along
11 with the opportunity to bring its karaoke entertainment services into compliance with the law
12 and with Phoenix's policies regarding the use of its intellectual property.

13 48. In particular, Defendant Kwench was offered the opportunity, at no charge, to
14 request, via Phoenix's Safe Harbor program, that Phoenix evaluate the licensing status and
15 needs of its karaoke entertainment provider and to avoid liability as long as the venue took heed
16 of Phoenix's evaluation and acted accordingly.

17 49. Defendant Kwench did not take advantage of the Safe Harbor program.

18 50. Despite these offers, and despite its knowledge of the unlicensed, infringing
19 character of the karaoke entertainment services being provided in its establishments, Defendant
20 Kwench did not elect to bring its karaoke entertainment services into compliance.

21 **B. The basis for imposing vicarious liability on Kwench**

22 51. Defendant Kwench has the right to control the means and the details of the
23 process by which its third-party agents accomplish their respective tasks, including, without
24 limitation, controlling the dates and starting and stopping times of shows, determining whether
25 particular content (such as offensive-language content) is permitted to be played at shows,
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1 determining the style and genre of music played at shows, and determining whether the third-
2 party agent is permitted to use Defendant Kwench's equipment (such as television displays,
3 sound equipment, stage, etc.) as part of the shows.

4 52. In particular, Defendant Kwench has the right to control whether or not the
5 activities occur on its premises.

6 53. As noted previously, Defendant Kwench had knowledge of its agent's direct
7 infringement of the Sound Choice Marks.
8

9 54. Despite this knowledge, Defendant Kwench continued to use Defendant RJ and
10 Defendant Ramos to commit direct infringement of the Sound Choice Marks during the course
11 of providing karaoke entertainment services to its patrons.

12 55. Defendant Kwench had the right and ability to supervise RJ's and Ramos's
13 activities in its establishment, including (without limitation) the right and ability to determine
14 whether RJ and Ramos provided karaoke entertainment services in connection with the Sound
15 Choice Marks.
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17 56. Defendant Kwench knew or had reason to know, based on the amounts it was
18 paying RJ and Ramos to provide the services, its interaction with RJ and Ramos, and its
19 knowledge of RJ and Ramos's infringement, that RJ and Ramos were unlikely to be able to
20 respond for significant damages for infringement.

21 57. The arrangement between Defendant Kwench and Defendants RJ and Ramos
22 exploited RJ and Ramos's marginal financial condition in two ways: first, by reducing the
23 amount Kwench had to pay RJ and Ramos to provide the services in a manner that would be
24 profitable to RJ and Ramos; and second, by attempting to allocate the burden of any claims of
25 infringement to RJ and Ramos, an undercapitalized "dummy" operation, in a naked effort to
26 avoid financial responsibility and liability for the infringement while remaining the principal
27 beneficiary of the infringement.
28

1 58. In short, the arrangement between Kwench and RJ and Ramos is a sham
2 designed to reap the rewards of infringement while escaping liabilities.

3 59. Despite Defendant Kwench having knowledge of the infringing character of the
4 activities and the ability to control whether those activities occur, Defendant Kwench elected
5 not to stop the infringement from occurring, instead continuing to enjoy the benefits of the
6 infringement.

7 60. As such, to the extent that it is not directly liable as an infringer, Defendant
8 Kwench is vicariously liable for the continuing infringement that has occurred and is occurring
9 on its premises.
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11 **C. The Defendants' pattern of infringing conduct**

12 61. The Defendants' conduct as described above with respect to the Sound Choice
13 Marks is not isolated to the use of the Sound Choice Marks, but also extends as part of a large-
14 scale program of infringing activities and piracy involving numerous other producers'
15 intellectual property rights, on the same terms.
16

17 62. Essentially, the Defendants, and particularly RJ and Ramos, with Kwench as the
18 willing beneficiary, have built an entire business model and moneymaking scheme premised on
19 a competitive advantage derived from the infringement of the intellectual property rights of
20 others, including Phoenix.

21 63. The Defendants' activities constitute unfair competition against Phoenix's own
22 licensees, all of whom provide karaoke entertainment services without engaging in that
23 infringement, at significant cost.
24

25 64. The Defendants' wrongful conduct exerts illegitimate and unfair pressure upon
26 the market for karaoke services in this State and judicial district through the unlicensed use of
27 the Sound Choice Marks in connection with those services, thereby diminishing the value of
28 licenses and permissions in the hands of Phoenix, its subsidiary, and its licensees.

1 65. The diminution of the value of licenses encourages or forces karaoke operators to
2 forego licenses in order to compete profitably.

3
4 **FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

5 **TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT UNDER 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1)**

6 66. Phoenix repeats and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in
7 the above paragraphs of this Complaint.

8
9 67. Each Defendant used a reproduction, counterfeit, or copy of the Sound Choice
10 Marks in connection with the provision of services including karaoke entertainment services, by
11 repeatedly displaying the reproduction, counterfeit, or copy of the Sound Choice Marks during
12 the provision of those services and by using the Sound Choice Marks in connection with the
13 advertising of the services.

14 68. Each Defendant's use of the Sound Choice Marks was "in commerce" within the
15 meaning of the Trademark Act of 1946 as amended.

16
17 69. Phoenix did not license or otherwise give permission to any Defendant to use the
18 Sound Choice Marks in connection with the provision of their services.

19 70. Each Defendant's use of the Sound Choice Marks is likely to cause confusion, or
20 to cause mistake, or to deceive its customers and patrons into believing that the services being
21 provided are provided with the authorization of Phoenix.

22 71. Each Defendant's acts were willful, knowing, and intentional.

23 72. Defendant Kwench, having hired third-party agents, RJ and Ramos, to provide
24 karaoke entertainment services in its name, at its venue, primarily for the purpose of avoiding
25 liability for infringement, is additionally vicariously liable for the infringing acts of those
26 agents.
27

28 73. Each Defendant's activities constitute the infringement of the federally registered

1 Sound Choice Marks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1).

2 74. Phoenix has been damaged by each Defendants' infringing activities.

3 75. Unless enjoined by the Court, each Defendant's infringing activities as described
4 above will continue unabated and will continue to cause harm to Phoenix.

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6 **SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

7 **UNFAIR COMPETITION UNDER 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)**

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9 76. Phoenix repeats and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in
10 the above paragraphs of this Complaint.

11 77. Each Defendant has supplied karaoke entertainment services to customers or
12 patrons, in connection with which the Sound Choice Marks were used in the advertising and
13 performance of the services and not merely as an adjunct to the playing of any particular
14 communicative content contained within karaoke accompaniment tracks.

15
16 78. The use of the Sound Choice Marks is likely to cause confusion, or to cause
17 mistake, or to deceive the customers or patrons into believing, falsely, that Phoenix sponsored
18 or approved the Defendants' services and commercial activities.

19 79. Because of each Defendant's wholly unauthorized uses of the Sound Choice
20 Marks in the manner described above, Phoenix was denied revenue from the sale or licensing of
21 authorized services and deprived of control over the use of the Sound Choice Marks.

22
23 80. Because Phoenix has been denied this revenue and control, it has been damaged
24 by each Defendant's uses.

25 81. Phoenix is a provider of karaoke entertainment services, directly, through
26 controlled licensees, and through its wholly owned subsidiary SCE.

27 82. Each Defendant's activities are part of a program and money-making scheme
28 premised upon the unlicensed use of the Sound Choice Marks in connection with karaoke

1 entertainment services and ancillary services that form part of the economic transaction among
2 Kwench, RJ, Ramos and Kwench's patrons.

3 83. Each Defendant's activities in furtherance of this program of infringement have
4 caused a competitive injury to Phoenix, both directly and on the basis of damage to Phoenix's
5 licensees.

6 84. Each Defendant's activities constitute unfair competition in violation of 15
7 U.S.C. § 1125(a).

8 85. Unless enjoined by the Court, each Defendant's unfair competition activities as
9 described above will continue unabated and will continue to cause harm to Phoenix.
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12 **THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

13 **MISSOURI ANTI-DILUTION R.S.MO. § 417.061 AGAINST DEFENDANTS**

14 86. Phoenix repeats and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in
15 the above paragraphs of this Complaint.
16

17 87. The Sound Choice Marks are valid and distinctive.

18 88. The use of the Sound Choice Marks by the Defendants is likely to injure the
19 business reputation and/or dilute the distinctive quality of the trademarks, and will cause
20 irreparable damage to Phoenix in violation in R.S.Mo. § 417.061.

21 89. As such, Phoenix has been damaged and is likely to be further damaged by the
22 unauthorized use of the Sound Choice Marks unless enjoined by the Court.
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25 **FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

26 **COMMON LAW UNFAIR COMPETITION**

27 90. Phoenix repeats and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in
28 the above paragraphs of this Complaint.

1 91. Defendants used and knowingly directly benefited from the use of a
2 reproduction, counterfeit, or copy of the Sound Choice Marks in connection with the provision
3 of services including karaoke entertainment services, by displaying the reproduction,
4 counterfeit, or copy of the Sound Choice Marks during the provision of those services.

5 92. Defendants' use of the Sound Choice Marks was "in commerce" within the
6 meaning ascribed by Missouri common law.

7 93. Phoenix did not license Defendants to use the Sound Choice Marks in connection
8 with the services provided to its commercial establishments.

9 94. Use of the Sound Choice Marks by the Defendants in connection with their
10 karaoke entertainment services is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive
11 patrons at the venues in which Defendants perform, including Kwench's venue, into believing,
12 falsely, that the services those patrons are receiving, in exchange for their patronage and
13 purchases, are bona fide services authorized by Phoenix.
14

15 95. Defendants' acts were willful and knowing.

16 96. Phoenix has been damaged by infringing activities of Defendants.

17 97. Unless enjoined by the Court, Defendants' infringing activities as described
18 above will continue unabated and will continue to cause harm to Phoenix.
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21 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

22 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Phoenix prays for judgment against each of the Defendants
23 severally, and that the Court:

24 A. Find that each Defendant has committed acts of infringement, including but not
25 limited to counterfeiting, of the federally registered Sound Choice Marks, in violation of 15
26 U.S.C. § 1114(1);

27 B. Find that each Defendant has engaged in unfair competition detrimental to
28

1 Phoenix in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a);

2 C. Enter judgment against each Defendant and in favor of Phoenix on all applicable
3 counts;

4 D. Award to Phoenix each Defendant's profits and the damages sustained by
5 Phoenix because of that Defendant's conduct in infringing the Sound Choice Marks, or, in the
6 alternative, statutory damages per trademark infringed by counterfeiting, and in any event in an
7 amount not less than \$50,000 per Defendant;

8 E. Award to Phoenix each Defendant's profits and the damages sustained by
9 Phoenix because of that Defendant's acts of unfair competition under 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a);

10 F. Award to Phoenix treble, punitive, or otherwise enhanced damages, as available,
11 upon a finding that any Defendant acted willfully in the conduct of its infringement;

12 G. Order that all computer disks, drives, or other media belonging to Defendants RJ
13 and Ramos, which media enable that Defendant to engage in infringement as described herein,
14 to be delivered up or seized for destruction;

15 H. Grant Phoenix preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further
16 infringement of the Sound Choice Marks and further false designations of origin, by each
17 Defendant, specifically including injunctive relief against the making, copying, sharing, selling,
18 or otherwise using digitized copies of karaoke accompaniment tracks, commercially or
19 otherwise, which tracks are marked with any mark or other designation belonging to any party
20 from whom the Defendant has not obtained written authorization from the owner thereof to
21 make, copy, share, sell, or otherwise use the digitized copy, such copies acting to enable the
22 Defendant to engage in service mark infringement, unfair competition, and deceptive trade
23 practices;

24 I. Award Phoenix its costs of suit and attorney's fees, to the extent not awarded
25 above; and

26 J. Grant Phoenix such other and further relief as justice may require.
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28

1 Dated: March 30, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

2 /s/Keith A. Vogt

Keith A. Vogt #6207971IL

3 Illinois State Bar No. 6207971

4 1033 South Blvd., Suite 200

Oak Park, Illinois 60302

5 Telephone: 708-203-4787

E-mail: keith@vogtip.com

6 *Attorney for Plaintiff*

7 *Phoenix Entertainment Partners, LLC*

ANNEX A

FEDERAL TRADEMARK REGISTRATIONS

Reg. No.	Mark	Reg. Date
Goods/Services		
4,099,045	SOUND CHOICE	February 14, 2012
Conducting entertainment exhibitions in the nature of karaoke shows		
4,099,052	SOUND CHOICE & Design (see below)	February 14, 2012
Conducting entertainment exhibitions in the nature of karaoke shows		

“SOUND CHOICE & Design” refers to the following display mark:

